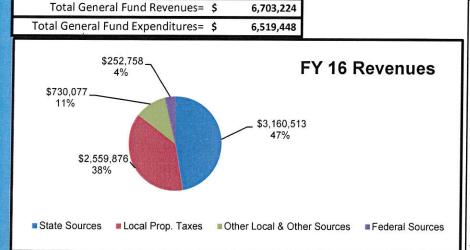
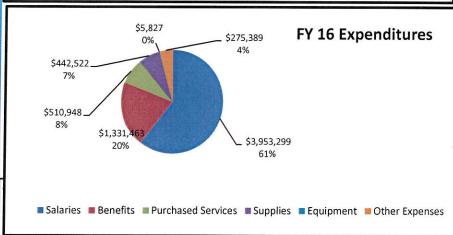
IASB School District Fiscal Facts

Bellevue

Five Important Financial Facts: Fund Revenues and Expenditures, Enrollment Trend, Financial Solvency Ratio Trend, Cash/Unspent Balance, Certified Staffing Levels





Fund Explanations:

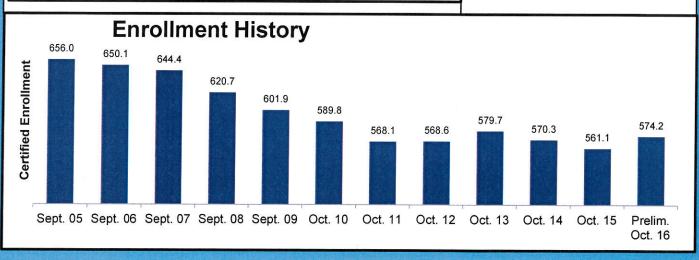
General Fund-is the district's primary financial operations fund. Salaries, benefits, textbooks, equipment, services and other expenses are authorized for use. Iowa Code section 298A.2

Management Fund-may be used to pay the costs of unemployment benefits, liability insurance and agreements, judgments, and costs of certain early retirement benefits. Iowa Code section 298.4.

Debt Service Fund-The voters may approve bonded indebtedness for a period up to twenty years and approve a rate for a debt service levy up to \$2.70 per thousand dollars of assessed valuation. However, voters can also approve raising that rate limit up to \$4.05. Iowa Code section 298.10

Capital Project Funds-are used for the acquisition or construction of facilities. Iowa Code section 298A.9

Student Activity Fund-generates money from student-related activities such as admissions, activity fees, student dues, student fund-raising events, or other student-related co-curricular or extracurricular activities. Iowa Code section 298A.8

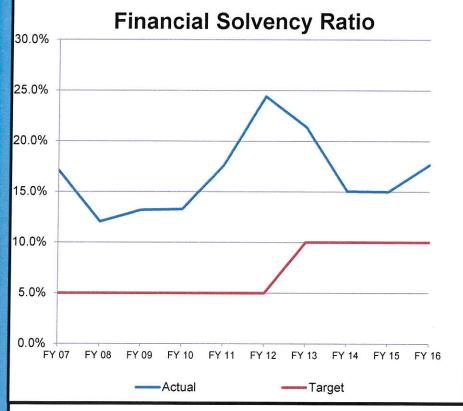


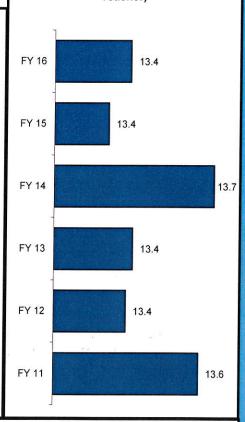


Financial Solvency Ratio: The recommended financial solvency ratio range is 5-15%, not to exceed 25%. The financial solvency ratio is a measure of the district's general fund financial health and is calculated by: (assigned+unassigned general fund balance) / (total general fund revenues - AEA flowthrough).

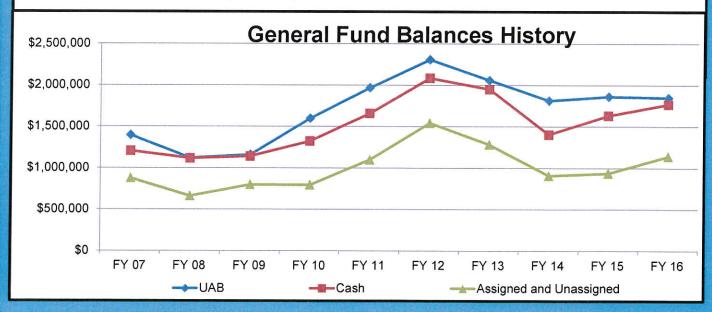
Certified Staffing Levels

Enr. Served/FTE Certified Staff (Counselor, Teacher Librarian, Regular Ed. Teacher, Early Childhood Spec. Ed., & Spec. Ed. Teacher)





General Fund Balances History: It is important to monitor the trendlines for each of these measures.

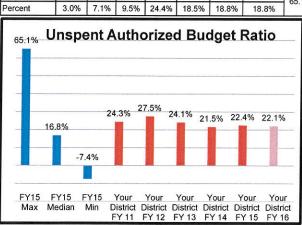


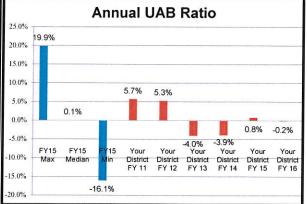


Seven General Fund Key Financial Indicators

KEY MEASURE	TARGET	QUESTION TO BE ANSWERED?	Enrollment
Certified Enrollment	Stable or growing	Will our enrollment allow us to continue to be a viable district, educationally and financially?	664
Unspent Authorized Budget (UAB) Ratio	5% - 15%, recommended not to exceed 25% (< 0%: SBRC Workout Plan)	Are we within legal minimums? What do trends tell us? Required SBRC workout plan if negative.	568.1 568.6 579.7 570.3 561.1 574.2
Annual Unspent Spending Authority	Build to UAB Ratio goal –stabilize at 0%	Are we spending all authority generated for a given year, using prior years spending authority, or building levels too high?	
Solvency Ratio (General Fund)	5% - 15%, recommended not to exceed 25%	Can we manage short and long term unexpected demands on cash?	
% Revenue Spent	Build to Solvency Ratio goal-then stabilize at 100%	Are we using all of our resources each year and only spending funds with spending authority?	- 80
Salaries and Benefits	75%-82% - then stabilize	Are salaries and benefits at levels we can sustain?	
New Money %- Settlement %- Change in Salaries/Benefits %	Less than or equal to District Allowable Growth and/or at state average	Are salaries at levels we can sustain? Are we competitive? Are our trends reasonable? Can differences be explained?	Oct 15 Oct 15 Your Your Your Your Your Your Your Median Min District Distri

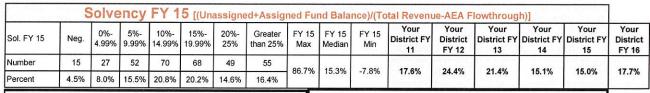
		Turri			Cer	tified	d Enro	Ilmei	nt Oc	tober	2015					
Enroll Oct. 15	Less than 500	500- 999	1000- 1999	2000- 3499	3500- 5999	6000- 9999	Greater than 10,000	Oct 15 Max	Oct 15 Median	Oct 15 Min	Your District Oct 11	Your District Oct 12	Your District Oct 13	Your District Oct 14	Your District Oct 15	Your District Oct 16
Number	105	121	69	15	12	6	8	22.502	664	00	500.4	500.0	A 400	570.0	5044	945-000
Percent	31%	36%	21%	4%	4%	2%	2%	32,582	004	80	568.1	568.6	579.7	570.3	561.1	574.2
		Į	JAB	Rati	o FY	15 (Ur	spent Au	ithorize	d Budg	et/Maxi	mum Auth	orized Bu	idget)	50560		
UAB Ratio FY 15	Neg.	0%- 4.99%	5%- 9.99%	10%- 14.99%	15%- 19.99%	20%- 25%	Greater than 25%	FY15 Max	FY15 Median	FÝ15 Min	Your District FY 11	Your District FY 12	Your District FY 13	Your District FY 14	Your District FY 15	Your District FY 16
Number	10	24	32	82	62	63	63	GE 10/	16.8%	-7.4%	24.20/	07 50/	04.40/	04 504	00.404	
Percent	3.0%	7 1%	0.5%	24 4%	19 5%	10 004	10 004	65.1%	10.8%	-1.4%	24.3%	27.5%	24.1%	21.5%	22.4%	22.1%

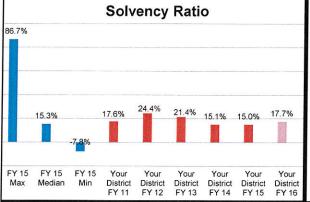


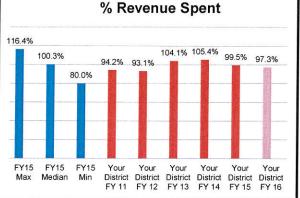


Annual UAB Ratio FY 15 [(Maximum Authorized Budget-UAB Previous Year-Total Expenditures)/(Maximum Authorized Budget-UAB Previous Year)]

Annual UAB Ratio FY15	Neg.	0%- 4.99%	5%- 9.99%	10%- 14.99%	15%- 19.99%	20%- 25%	Greater than 25%	FY15 Max	FY15 Median	FY15 Min	Your District FY 11	Your District FY 12	Your District FY 13	Your District FY 14	Your District FY 15	Your District FY 16
Number	162	140	28	3	3	0	0	10.00/	0.40/	40.404	F 70/	F 00/	4.004			
Percent	48.2%	41.7%	8.3%	0.9%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	19.9%	0.1%	-16.1%	5.7%	5.3%	-4.0%	-3.9%	0.8%	-0.2%

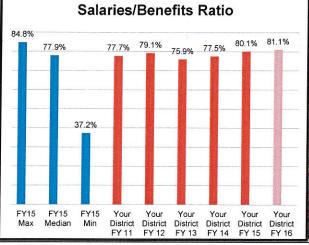


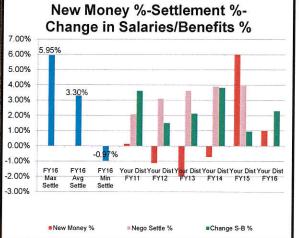




				% Re	venu	ie Sp	ent F	15(Total Ex	penditur	es/Total Re	venues)				
% Revenue Spent FY 15	Below 85%	85%- 89.99 %	90%- 94.99	95%- 99.99%	100%- 104.99 %	105%- 109.99 %	110% and Greater	FY15 Max	FY15 Median		Your District FY 11	Your District FY 12	Your District FY 13	Your District FY 14	Your District FY 15	Your District FY 16
Number	2	6	36	114	127	41	10	110 10/	100.20/	00.00/	04.00/	00.40/	404 404	405.40/	00.5%	07.00/
Percent	0.6%	1.8%	10.7%	33.9%	37.8%	12.2%	3.0%	110.4%	100.3%	80.0%	94.2%	93.1%	104.1%	105.4%	99.5%	97.3%

Sa	larie	s an	d Be	enefi	ts Ra	tio F	Y 15 (T	otal Sala	ries and	Benefits/7	Total Expen	ditures, incl	uding AEA	Flowthrough	n)	
Salary-Benefits % FY 15	Ihan	65%- 69.99%	70%- 71.99%	72%- 75.99%	76%- 79.99%	80%- 84.99%	Above 85%	FY15 Max	FY15 Median	FY15 Min	Your District FY 11	Your District FY 12	Your District FY 13	Your District FY 14	Your District FY 15	Your District FY 16
Number	37	20	15	58	122	84	0	04.00/	77.00/	27.00/				THE STREET		
Percent	11.0%	6.0%	4.5%	17.3%	36.3%	25.0%	0.0%	84.8%	77.9%	37.2%	77.7%	79.1%	75.9%	77.5%	80.1%	81.1%





New	/ Mon	ey %-	Settle	ment '	%-Cha	nge ir	Salaries	s/Ben	efits (s	ettlemen	t from IASB-	ISEA Repoi	t on Teache	er Settlemen	its)
Compensation Info FY16	<0%	0%- 1.99%	2%- 2.99%	3%- 3.99%	4%- 4.99%	5% & Over	FY16 Max Settle	FY16 Avg Settle	FY16 Min Settle	Your Dist FY11	Your Dist FY12	Your Dist FY13	Your Dist FY14	Your Dist FY15	Your Dist FY16
New Money %										0.14%	-1.11%	-2.01%	-0.72%	6.00%	1.00%
Nego Settle#	2	9	30	98	10	1									
Nego Settle %	1.3%	6.0%	20.0%	65.3%	6.7%	0.7%	5.95%	3.30%	-0.97%	2.09%	3.10%	3.62%	3.90%	3.95%	NA
Change S-B %		•								3.61%	1.50%	2.13%	3.83%	0.95%	2.30%



Unspent Authorized Budget (Also Known as Unspent Spending Authority)

Definitions and Calculations

Maximum Spending Authority – also known as Maximum Authorized Budget (MAB)– the maximum amount authorized under the school finance formula that a district has available to spend for a given budget year. It is a calculation and is the sum of maximum district cost, preschool foundation aid, ISL, Ed Improvement Authority, miscellaneous income and prior year unspent spending authority.

Maximum district cost – also a calculation; the sum of regular program cost (enrollment multiplied by legislatively authorized cost per student), special education instructional costs, AEA costs and district supplementary weighting - all funded with a mix of state aid and property taxes. It does not include a district's cash reserve levy.

Miscellaneous income – revenue which is not part of the combined district cost – for example, state grants, federal funds, student fees and tuition from open enrollment in, and interest income. It does not include the cash reserve levy.

Unspent Spending Authority – also known as Unspent Authorized Budget (UAB) – amount of maximum spending authority left at year end after deducting the general fund expenditures incurred during the year.

Three Views - Data, Charts & Graphs (page 11)

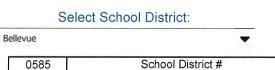
View of Unspent Spending Authority Balances	Calculation	Why Important?
Current (traditional) Fiscal Year Unspent Authorized Balance	Maximum authorized budget less expenditures.	By law, cannot exceed the maximum spending authority. Cannot have a negative unspent spending authority at year end and if do, SBRC requires submission of corrective action plan
Annual Unspent Authority Balance	Current year's maximum authorized budget less current year expenditures. (does not include prior year's unspent spending authority).	Once an adequate unspent authorized budget balance is achieved, no need to bank additional unspent authority.
Available Unspent Authority Balance	Current unspent spending authority less restricted funds' fund balances.	Amount that the district has available to spend, if cash is available. Restricted funds must be spent for specific purposes.



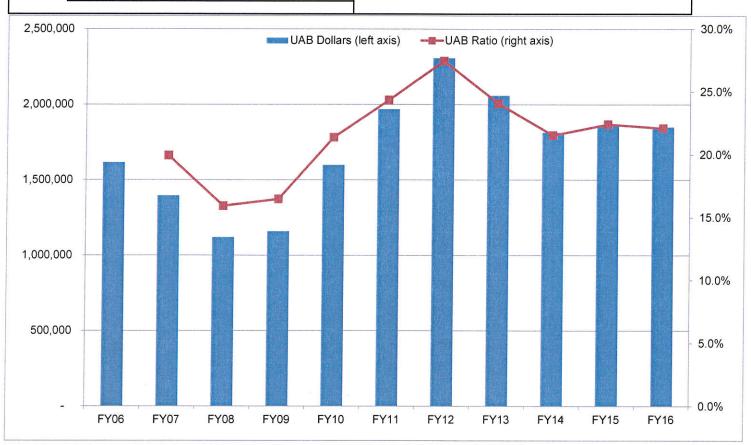
% Unspent Authority to Maximum Ratios	Calculation	Target	Questions To Be Answered?
% Balance Traditional to Maximum	Unspent authorized budget as a percent of maximum spending authority	5% - 15%, recommended not to exceed 25%	Are we within legal minimums? What do the trends tell us? Are we below 0% and must go to SBRC?
% Balance Annual to Annual Maximum	Annual unspent spending authority as a percent of maximum spending authority less prior years' spending authority	Build to UAB Ratio, - then stabilize at 0%	Are we spending all authority generated for a given year, using prior year's spending authority, or building unspent authority levels too high?
% Balance Available to Maximum	Current unspent spending authority less restricted funds' fund balances as a percentage of maximum authorized budget	??	What authority is available to the district to spend?

Other Important Information

- Maximum spending authority can be compared to a credit card limit that is, it controls spending. It represents the most that can be spent. It is a legislatively enacted calculation to keep spending per student the same (equitable) regardless of where in lowa those students reside. Spending authority does NOT equate to cash available. Unspent spending authority can be compared to the unused portion of a credit card limit. A district's level of unspent spending authority does not mean a district has cash. Conversely, a district's cash balance does not mean a district has unspent spending authority-that is, districts cannot use their cash to spend above their credit card limit.
- The amount of unspent spending authority is the most important key measure. If the district's unspent spending authority goes below zero (negative), the district by law is required to present a corrective action plan to the School Budget Review Committee (SBRC) to raise the spending authority above zero. If a district's corrective action plan is not sound or if the district is negative for 2 or more years, the SBRC may recommend a Phase II an on-site, thorough fiscal visit.
- Spending authority can be increased by: higher modified supplemental amount; modified state
 amount; increased enrollment; increased miscellaneous income; SBRC approval of increased authority
 for unique circumstances; and by decreasing district expenditures.



Unspent Authorized Budget History



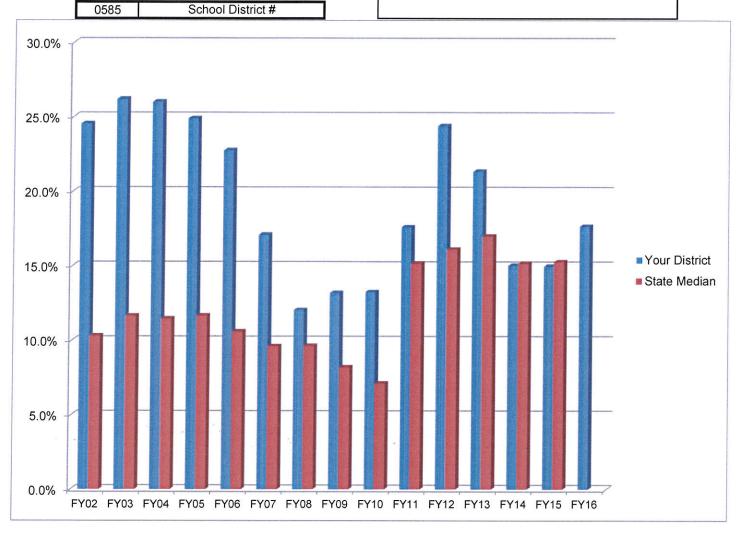
LIAD Datis assuals:	Unspent Authorized Budget
UAB Ratio equals:	Maximum Authorized Budget

	Stat	ewide Uns	pent Auth	orized Bu	dgets				
Measure	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10	FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15
State Maximum	62.1%	61.7%	59.1%	61.8%	62.9%	63.4%	65.5%	64.5%	65.1%
State Median	15.6%	14.2%	13.9%	15.6%	18.3%	19.3%	17.6%	16.8%	16.8%
State Minimum	-10.9%	-11.3%	-13.0%	-21.1%	-4.9%	-10.6%	-20.6%	-34.3%	-7.4%
State Average	16.1%	14.9%	14.6%	16.5%	19.0%	19.9%	18.5%	17.6%	17.5%

Select School District:

Bellevue

Solvency History



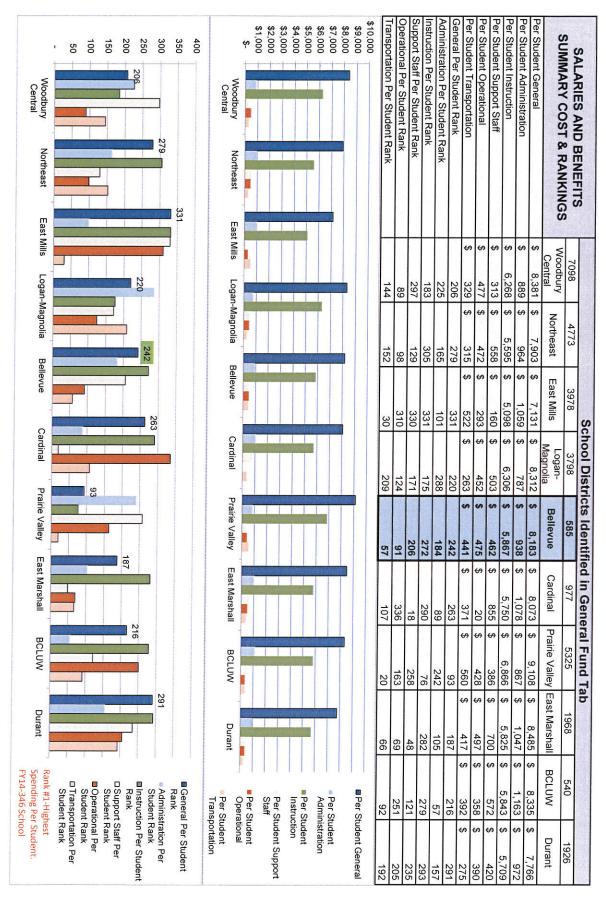
Solvency Ratio equals:

Assigned plus unassigned fund balances

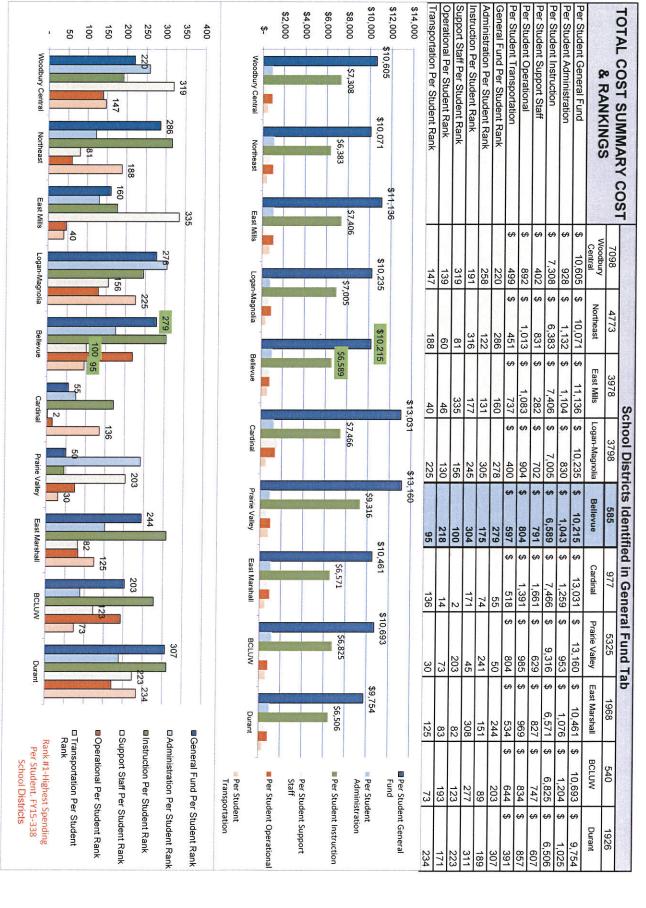
Total revenue minus AEA Flowthrough

			State	wide Sol	vency Rat	tios				
Measure	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10	FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15
State Maximum	52.6%	50.9%	58.7%	62.0%	77.2%	89.1%	97.1%	91.6%	82.2%	86.7%
State Median	10.6%	9.6%	9.6%	8.2%	7.1%	11.0%	16.1%	17.0%	15.2%	15.3%
State Minimum	-22.3%	-17.9%	-17.6%	-23.2%	-31.8%	-20.4%	-17.0%	-23.3%	-11.5%	-7.8%
State Average	11.9%	10.7%	10.5%	9.6%	8.0%	11.3%	16.5%	17.8%	16.8%	16.3%

lowa School Districts Cost Per Student - Salaries and Benefits Summary FY 2015



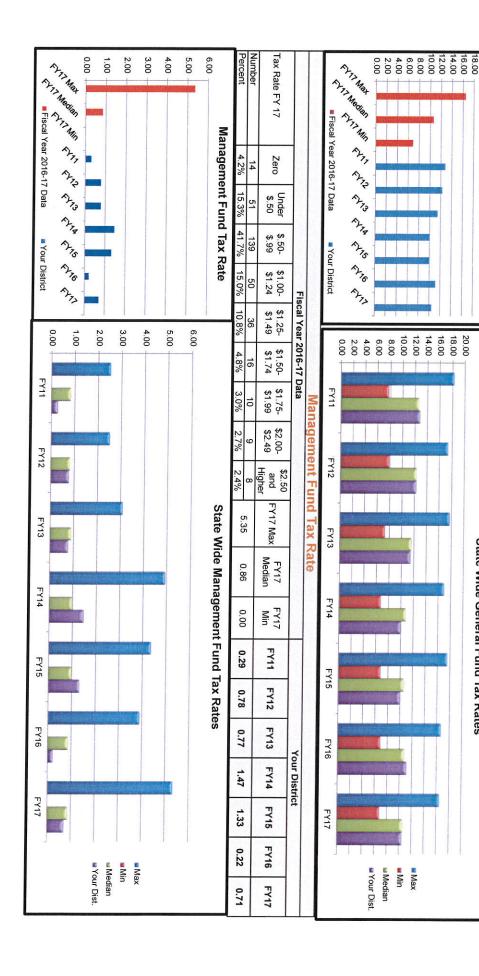
lowa School Districts Cost Per Student - Total Cost Summary FY 2015

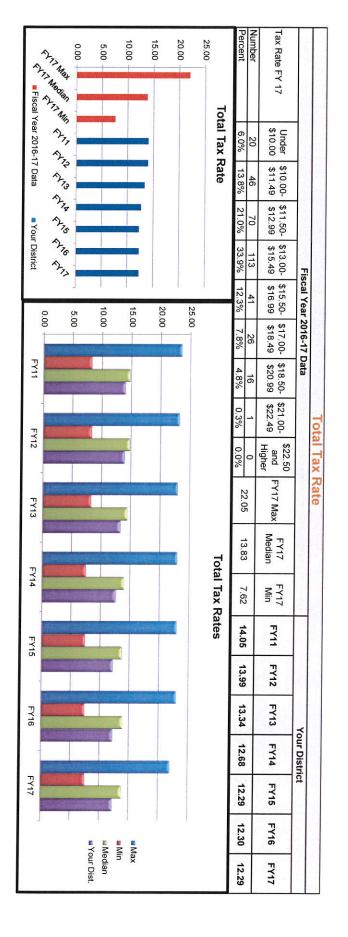


Percent Number Tax Rate FY 17 General Fund Tax Rate 24 7.2% Under \$8.00 12.0% \$8.00-17.1% \$9.00-21.9% \$10.00-10.99 Fiscal Year 2016-17 Data \$11.00- \$12.00- \$13.00-\$11.99 \$12.99 \$14.99 38 44 11.4% 13.2% General Fund Tax Rate \$15.00-\$16.99 2.1% Property Tax Rate Comparison \$17.00 and Over 0.0% FY17 Max 16.52 State Wide General Fund Tax Rates Median **FY17** 10.66 FY17 Min 6.89 FY11 12.87 12.35 FY12 11.52 FY13 Your District FY14 10.07 10.03 FY15 11.18 **FY16** 10.49 FY17

20.00 18.00 16.00

Max Min ■ Median





Notes on School Levies:

General Fund Levy: This levy consists of the uniform levy, the additional levy (the uniform levy and additional levy are generated through the school aid formula), the instructional support levy, and the cash reserve levy (see separate sections on the Instructional Support Program and Cash Reserve Levy).

Management Levy: This levy is not rate restricted but use restricted. Funds from the management levy can be used for liability insurance premium costs, tort judgements, self insurance, loss of property, unemployment benefits, early retirement, and costs of arbitration and mediation.

Regular PPEL: Board approved with a levy rate of up to \$0.33. Funds usage specified by lowa Code and generally include usage for building and ground purchase and improvement, transportation equipment, energy conservation, technology equipment above \$500.

Voter Approved PPEL: Upon voter approval, the district may levy up to \$1.34 (or use a combination of income surtax and property taxes)

PERL: Voter approved levy with a maximum rate of \$0.135. Funds can be used for the purchase and construction of playground equipment or other community wide efforts that includes adult education, community swimming pools, tennis courts, etc.

Debt Service: Requires 60.0% voter approval. Rate is not to exceed \$2.70 unless voters approve (60.0% approval) the rate to exceed that level and then the rate cannot exceed \$4.05. Funds are used to pay general obligation bonds used to finance infrastructure projects.

©lowa Association of School Boards

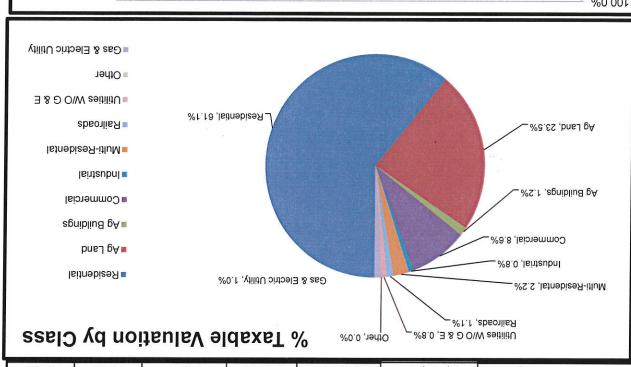
25

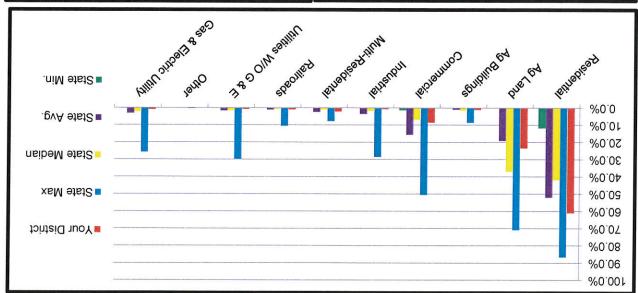
2015 (FY17 Budget) Taxable Valuation By Class

School District #	9890
Essinate,	
	Bellevue

Select School District:

%6.0	3.2%	7.3%	%8.2Z	%0.1	2,265,407	Gas & Electric Utility
%0.0	%0.0	%0.0	% † .0	%0.0	0	Other
%Z.0	%8.1	%L'1	%6.62	%8.0	1,853,567	Utilities W/O G & E
%0`0	%1.1	%8.0	%9.01	%1.1	2,461,818	Railroads
%0.0	%Þ.2	%6.0	%6 [.] Z	7.2%	5,130,785	Multi-Residental
%0.0	3.7%	%6 [.] l	%9.82	%8.0	1,802,610	Industrial
%9°L	%9 [.] G1	%8.9	%9.03	%9.8	79,969,792	Commercial
%0.0	%0.1	%9 [.] l	%7.8	1.2%	2,833,628	egnibliu∃ gA
%0.0	%E.91	32.0%	%0.17	23.5%	24,523,398	Pand band
%8.11	62.1%	%6°1 7	%9.98	%1.18	141,756,871	Residential
State Min.	State Avg.	State Median	State Max	Your District	AIT-noN	Classification





Select School District:

0585

Budget Guarantee, and Impact on New Money, Funding



FY19 - FY22: No SSA state percent of growth rates have been established at this time. FY18: SSA for FY 2018 has not yet been established.

Projections - Cells shaded in green can be changed

	!			THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF TH	TOTAL OF THE PARTY		
Tiscal Teal	FY 2016	FY 2017	Estimated FY18**	Estimated FY19**	Estimated FY20**	Estimated FY21**	Estimated FY22**
Budget Enrollment	570.3	561.1	574.2	563.8	574 2	AGO O	n Ao n
Supplemental State Aid (Allowable Growth)	1 25%	225%	3 000	2 000/	0000	000.0	040.5
The state of the s	1.23/0	2.23%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%
Dollar Change Cost Per Student	80	145	130	121	407	440	
State Cost Box Student	200	17.	132	134	13/	140	143
State Cost Fel Studelit	6,446	6,591	6,723	6,857	6,994	7,134	7,277
Area	FY 2016	FY 2017	Estimated FY18**	Estimated FY19**	Estimated FY20**	Estimated FY21**	Estimated FY22**
District Cost Per Student	6,503	6.648	6.780	6 914	7 061	7404	2004
Regular Program Cost/M O Budget Compates	2 700 004	0 100		-1	.,00.	1,101	1,334
regular Frogram CostVV-O budget Guarantee	3,708,661	3,730,193	3,893,076	3,898,113	4,048,684	4,033,432	4,022,699
Budget Guarantee	51,986	15,555	0	33,894	0	55,739	51.067
Regular Program Cost/With Budget Guarantee	3,760,647	3,745,748	3,893,076	3,932,007	4,048,684	4,089,171	4,073,766
Prior Year Regular Program Cost/With Budget Guarantee	3,723,413	3,760,647	3,745,748	3,893,076	3,932,007	4,048,684	4,089,171
"New Money"	37,234	-14,899	147,328	38,931	116.677	40 487	15 105
Percent New Money	1.00%	-0.40%	3.93%	1.00%	2.97%	1.00%	-0.38%
							The same and the s

Enrollments for FY 2018 - FY 2022 are based on DE enrollment projections as of March 2016. Data displayed is based on 333 districts beginning in FY 2017.

Updated on April 19, 2016.

Source of data includes Department of Education, Department of Management, and IASB calculations.